

FAST FACTS: Sinus Headache

Your sinuses are air-filled connected spaces inside your forehead, cheekbones, and nose. The sinuses produce thin mucus which traps harmful particles like dust, pollen, and bacteria and the mucus then drains out through your nose. When sinuses get inflamed -- usually because of an allergic reaction or an infection -- they swell, make more mucus, and the channels that drain the sinus can get blocked.

√ Causes of sinus headache

- About 80% of the time when individuals report they have a sinus headache it is a migraine with nasal symptoms.
- Sinus infections can cause sinus headaches. When mucus builds up in the sinuses it can cause a sinus
 infection by giving germs an opportunity to grow. This causes the sinuses to swell and block the mucus
 from draining. Swollen sinuses make your face tender and achy- causing the headache. The following
 are common causes:
 - The common cold
 - Seasonal allergies which trigger increased mucus
 - Nasal polyps (small flat bumps of tissue growth) can block mucus from draining.
 - Deviated septum (line of cartridge and bone down center of the nose)- when this is not straight it can prevent mucus from draining.

√ Symptoms of Sinus Headache

- Deep, constant pain in areas of cheekbones, forehead, or bridge of the nose
- Pain usually increases with sudden head movement or strain
- Other symptoms may include stuffy or runny nose, fullness in the ears, face swelling, and/or fever

✓ Management/Treatment

- · Relieve symptoms and treat infection if one is present
- Healthcare provider may prescribe antibiotics or recommend antihistamines or decongestants short term.
- May take OTC pain relievers like acetaminophen or ibuprofen. If these do not help, provider may prescribe corticosteroids to decrease inflammation in sinuses
- Nondrug interventions that may help include drinking more fluids, using a humidifier or warm compress to painful areas, saline nasal spray

✓ What Else You Should Do.

- See your healthcare provider any time a headache does not go away or reoccurs
- Write down and share information about your pain with your healthcare provider
- Use a Pain Diary to note important information useful to the healthcare provider
- Try a non-drug treatment and document the impact on your pain in your Pain Diary

References:

- 1. WebMD. (2022). Sinus Headaches. accessed 6.21.022. https://www.webmd.com/migraines-headaches/sinus-headaches
- 2. Cleveland Clinic. (2020) Sinus Headaches assessed 6.21.2022. https://my.clevelandclinic.org/health/diseases/9641-sinus-headaches

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